Numb. 1345

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Monday October 7. to Thursday October 10. 1678.

Genoua, Sept. 17.

THe Senate hath received an account from their Miniſter at the Court of *France*, that he had ſo far ſucceeded in his Commiſſion, as to obtain not only a revocation of the Orders that had been given to the Kings Ships to ſeize all Genoueſe Veſſels they could meet with, but the reſtitution of thoſe that had been arreſted in the French Ports, or taken by their Men of War; the ſaid Miniſter having on his part engaged that all ſatisfaction ſhould be given to the King, in the matter of Salutes to his Gallies, which was the occaſion of theſe miſunderſtandings.

Dantzicke, Octob. 1. It is confirmed from all hands, that the Turks have taken *Czecherin* by ſtorm; the report we had of their having quitted the Siege, was occaſioned by the Turks drawing off greateſt part of their Army from before the place, as if they meant to retire; which putting the Beſieged into a general joy for their deliverance, the Turks on the ſudden returned, and while the Inhabitants thought themſelves ſecure, attacked the place, entred it, and became Maſters of it, after having put moſt of the Gariſon to the Sword, This morning we have freſh Letters from *Leopol* and other places on the Frontiers of *Poland*, which ſay, that the Turks, after the taking of *Czecherin*, had marched towards the Moſcovites, and had for eight days together in a manner inveſted them in their Camp near *Buckzyn*, but that on the 11th of the laſt month, the Turks very unexpectedly decamped, and marched off; from whence people are apt to conclude, that there is an accommodation between the Turks and the Moſcovites and that the former have a deſign to employ their Arms elſewhere. In *Poland* they are not without their apprehenſions; and the Dyet, which was once intended to be put off to a further term, is fixed for the 14th of the next month We have Letters from *Moſcovy* by the way of *Riga*, which give an account of the great trouble people there were in for the loſs of *Czecherin*.

Copenhagen, Octob. 1. The King, who parted hence on Monday, and embarked in order to his paſſing over to *Pomeren*, having been hindred by the contrary Winds from making that Voyage, and receiving the next day an account that the intended deſcent was made upon the Iſle of *Rugen*, with the deſired ſucceſs, his Majeſty came athore again in the evening, and reſolved to put off the ſaid Voyage, and to ſend the Sieur *Haxhauſen* to the Elector of *Brandenburg*, to give him an account of it. On Wedneſday the King went over to *Schonen*, to the Army, and is ſince returned again from thence. There paſſes not any thing of moment in *Schonen*, the Armies continuing quiet in their quarters near *Landſcroon* and *Elſinburg*; but, it's ſaid, that ſo ſoon as the Froſt comes in, they will attempt ſomething.

From the Elector of Brandenburg's *Camp near the new* Veer-ſchans *in the Iſle of* Rugen, *Octob.* 2. We have been encamped here for ſeveral days, and his Electoral Highneſs is here in perſon. He hath ſent to ſummon the City of *Straelſond*, which ſhews a countenance of defending themſelves to the utmoſt, being greatly encouraged thereto by the preſence of Count *Coningſmarke*, and the aſſiſtance they expect from his Troops. The Danes are poſted at *Faſmunt* in this Iſle, and, it's ſaid, they have orders to join with us, that ſo we may with all our force attack *Straelſond*. Moſt of the Danes who were formerly taken priſoners here, and obliged by their neceſſities to put themſelves into the ſervice of the Suedes, have now deſerted them, and are returned to their firſt ſervice with the Danes.

Hamburg, Octob. 7. By Paſſengers come from *Straelſond* we have an account, that the Elector of *Brandenburg* having ſent a Trumpeter into the Town with Letters to the Magiſtrates, in which he demands of them to deliver themſelves into his hands, and in ſuch caſe offers them very good Conditions; the ſaid Magiſtrates had thereupon aſſembled the principal of the Burghers, and had communicated to them the ſaid Letters, and asked their reſolution upon them; that Count *Conigſmarke*, was preſent in that Aſſembly, and had told them, that as they had heretofore on all occaſions manifeſted their great affection and loyalty to the King of *Sueden*, and in return received many advantages and priviledges from him; ſo now a freſh occaſion, and that the greateſt they ever had, did preſent it ſelf to them to give new evidences thereof, and to ſecure to themſelves the fruits of their former ſervices, &c, after which the ſaid Burghers having conſulted together, they reſolved to hazard all for the ſervice of their Prince, and to defend the place to the laſt extremity; that in order thereunto they had received all Count *Coningſmark*'s Troops into the Town, had planted three Flags upon their Walls, and had diſcharged all the Cannon planted upon them againſt the Brandenburgs, who were thereupon going to inveſt the place, in order to a formal beſieging of it.

Strasburg, Octob. 3. The 1ſt and 2d inſtant arrived here nine Companies of Foot of the Troops of the Circle of *Franconia*, and 200 men more of the Prince of *Eyſenach*'s; and we are expecting the Governor of *Offenburg* with yet 200 men; ſo that we ſhall have a very ſtrong Gariſon here, which it's probable when the French are gone into their Winter-quarters, will endeavor to recover the Forts belonging to our Bridge. The Mareſchal *de Crequi* was to encamp the laſt night at *Paffenhouen*, from whence he will continue his march towards *Saverne, Schleſtadt*, &c. his Army not being longer able to ſubſiſt in the *Lower Alſace*. The Imperial Army continues encamped at *Screcke*, on the other ſide the *Rhine*; but the French being removed, they will likewiſe change their quarters.

Francfort, Octob. 4. The Armies on the *Rhine* are it's believed going to their Winter-quarters; the Mareſchal *de Crequi* is marching back towards the *Upper Alſace*, and the Imperial Army is likewiſe going